SSC CENTRAL POLICE ORGANIZATION (CPO) SUB-INSPECTORS EXAM., (Held on December-2007)

1.	In which State was the first n India?	on- Congress Government set up in Independent			
	(a) Punjab	(b) Bihar			
	(c) Maharashtra	(d) Kerala.			
2.	Cheep money means				
	(a) low rates of interest.	(b) low level of saving.			
	(c) low level of income.	(d) low level of standard of living.			
3.	Under the rules of the IMR, e	ach member is required to declare the par value of			
	its legal tender money in terms of	of the US dollars and			
	(a) Silver.	(b) Gold.			
	(c) Pound Sterling.	(d) Diamond.			
4.	The Government takes 'Ways an				
	(a) RBI.	(b) IDBI.			
	(c) SBI.	(d) ICICI			
5.	Kisan Credit Card Scheme was i	ntroduced in			
	(a) 1991.	(b) 1996.			
	(c) 1998.	(d) 2000.			
6.	Compared to the rich the poor sa	ve			
	<u> </u>	(b) an equal part of their income.			
	(c) a smaller part of their income				
7.	One of the main factors that led	to rapid expansion of Indian exports is			
		(b) liberalization of the economy.			
	(c) recession in other countries.	(d) diversification of exports.			
8.	When too much money is chasin	g too few goods, the situation is			
	(a) Deflation.	(b) Inflation.			
	Recession.	(d) Stagflation.			
9.	With which crop has Green Revo	olution been associated?			
	(a) Rice	(b) Wheat			
	(c) Pulses	(d) Sugarcane.			
10.	Who was the first Indian Governor-General of India?				
	(a) B.R. Ambedkar	(b) C.Rajagopalachari			
	(c) Dr. Rajendra Prasad	(d) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan			
11.	A candidate, to become a member	er of the Rajya Sabha, should <i>not</i> be less than			

	(a) 21 years of age.(c) 30 years of age.	(b) 25 years of age.(d) 32 years of age.
12.	Which Constitutional Amendm State Policy over Fundamental I	nent gave precedence to the Directive Principles of Rights?
	(a) 42nd	(b) 44th
	(c) 52 nd	(d) 56 th .
13.	(a) India took a pledge of comp(b) the Constitution was adopted(c) India became a Republic on	d on this day.
14.	Which of the following expres Constitutions? (a) Sovereign Democratic Repu (b) Socialist	ssions does <i>not</i> figure in the Freemble to the India ablic (c) Secular
	(d) Federal.	
15.	Which one of the following Pres	sidents of India served for two terms?
10.	(a) S.Radhakrishnan	(b) Rajendra Prasad
	(c) Zakir Hussain	(d) V. V. Giri.
16.	The maximum strength of the Sabha) is	elected members of the House of the People (Lok
	(a) 530.	(b) 545.
		(d) 550.
	(c) 540.	(d) 330.
17.		-Money Bill have in each House of the Parliament?
	(a) Two	(b) Three
	(c) Four	(d) One.
18.	Money Rill can be introduced permission of the (a) Governor of the State.	in the State Legislative Assembly with the prior
	(h) Chief Minister of the State.	
	(c) Speaker of Legislative Asse	mbly.
	(d) Finance Minister of the State	e
19.		oted out of power by the Parliament was
	(a) Indira Gandhi.	(b) Morarji Desai.
	(c) V.P. Singh.	(d) Chandrashekhar.
20.	The Union Parliament consists	s of
	(a) the President of India.	

	(c) the House of the People (Lok Sabha)(d) All of these.						
21.	Cooperation" in 1920 as its sessi						
	(a) Lucknow.	(b) Delhi.					
	(c) Bombay.	(d) Calcutta.					
22.	Who is known as the 'Grand Old						
	(a) Dadabhai Naoroji	(b) Gopal Krishan Gokhale					
	(c) Bal Gangadhar Tilak	(d) Surendranath Banerjee.					
23.		e considered as the most useful and outstanding					
	reforms made by Lord Curzon, undivided province of Punjab?	especially in respect of the people living in the					
	-	(b) Police Reforms					
	(c) Industrial Reforms	(d) Agricultural Reforms					
24	Who among the following was	s cent as an emborador to the revel court of					
24.	Jahangir by James I, the then Kir	s sent as an Ambassasdor to the royal court of any of England?					
	(a) John Hawkins	(b) William Todd					
	(c) Sir Thomas Roe	(d) Sir Walter Raleigh.					
25.	'Dyarchy' was introduced in the	Covernment of India Act of					
20.	(a) 1909.	(b) 1919.					
	(c) 1935.	d) None of these.					
26.	The transfer of Government two	m the 'Company' to the 'Crown' was pronounced					
20.	by Lord Canning (Nov.), 1858)	- ·					
	(a) Calcutta.	(b) Delhi.					
	(c) Patan.	(d) Allahabad.					
27.	The India National Congress and	d the Muslim League came closer to each other in					
	1916 a t						
	(a) Lahore.	(b) Amritsar.					
	(c) Lucknow.	(d) Haripura.					
28.	The first General-Secretary of the Indian National Congress was						
	(a) Dadabhai Naoroji	(b) A.O. Hume					
	(c) Ferozeshah Mehta	(d) Badruddin Tyabji.					
29.	Raja Rammohun Roy organized	a historic agitation against the					
	(a) caste system.	(b) evil custom of sati.					
	(c) degrading position of women						
	(d) Practice of superfluous religi	ous rituals.					

(b) the Council of States (Rajya Sabha).

30.	"Long years ago we made a try shall redeem our pledge" This was stated on the night of A	yst with destiny, and now the time comes when we
	_	(b) C.Rajagopalachari.
	(c) Jawaharlal Nehru.	(d) Dr. Rajendra Prasad.
	(c) Jawanariai Nelliu.	(d) Dr. Rajendra Frasad.
31.	The highest grade and best quali	•
	(a) Lignite.	(b) Peat.
	(c) Bituminous.	(d) Anthracite.
32.	The "Dark Continent" is	(d) Anthracite. (b) South America. (d) Asia. the wettest place in India? (b) Cherrapunji (d) Mayaramana
	(a) Africa.	(b) South America.
	(c) Australia.	(d) Asia.
33.	Which one of the following is th	ne wettest place in India?
	(a) Mahabaleshwar	(b) Cherrapunji
	(c) Udhagamandalam	(d) Mawsynram.
	(c) Canagamandaram	(d) Mawsymani.
34.	The approximate length of the co	oast-line of India is
<i>J</i> 1.	(a) 5,500 km.	(b) 6,000 km
	(c) 6,500 km.	(d) 7,000 km
	(c) 0,500 km.	(d) 7,000 km
35.	The area with annual rainfall les	es than 50 cm in a year is
33.		(b) Leh in Kashmir.
	(a) Meghalaya.	
	(c) Coromandel	(d) Konkan coast.
26	Cilent Welley of Warels	
36.	Silent Valley of Kerala	T 1'
	(a) is the only evergreen forest i	n India.
	(b) contains costly tilber trees.	
	(c) is a good pichic spot.	
	(d) contains rate species of plan	ts and animals.
37.	The only sanctuary where Kashi	
	(a) Kanha.	(b) Dachigam.
	(c) Cir.	(d) Mudumalai.
•	7	
38.	The Visvesvaraya Iron & Steel I	Ltd. is located at
	(a) Bangalore.	(b) Bhadravati.
	(c) Mangalore.	(d) Mysore.
		· · · · ·
39.	Which dam of India is the highe	st?
-	(a) Mettur	(b) Rihand
	(c) Thein	(d) Bhakra.
	(0) 1110111	(a) Diminu

40. Of the gross cropped area in India, the foodgrains occupy

	(a) more than 70 per cent.	(b) 60 to 70 per cent.
	(c) 50 to 60 per cent.	(d) less than 50 per cent.
41.	Kaziranga National Park is famo	ous for
	(a) Rhinoceros.	(b) Tiger.
	(c) Lion.	(d) Crocodile.
42.	The colour of human skin is prod	duced by
	(a) Haemoglobin.	(b) Insulin.
	(c) Adrenaline.	(d) Melanin.
43.	Which one of the following is no	ot transmitted via blood transfusion?
	(a) Hepatitis	(b) Typhoid
	(c) HIV	(d) Malaria
44.	Which of the following is a fish?	
	(a) Silverfish	(b) Starfish
	(c) Dogfish	(d) Cuttlefish
45.	Which of the following instrume	ents is used to measure humidity?
	(a) Kata Thermometer	(b) Anemometer
	(c) Sling Psychrometer	(d) Clipical Thermometer
46.	The period of revolution of a ge	ostationary satellite is
	(a) 24 hours	(b) 30 days.
	(c) 365 days.	(d) changing, continuously.
47.	The type of mirrors used in the h	neadlamp of cars is
	(a) parabolic concave	(b) plane
	(c) spherical convex	(d) cylindrical concave
48.	Nuclear explosive devices were	
		(b) Bangalore
	(c) Pokharan	(d) Kanchipuram
49.		on of agricultural products are conducted through
	(a) Food Corporation of India.(b) Directorate of Marketing and	Inspection
	(c) Indian Standards Institution.	i inspection.
	(d) Central Statistical Organizati	on.
50.	The luster of the metals is becau	se of
50.	(a) high density, due to closed p	
	(b) high polish	woming of atomis.
	(c) reflection of light due to the	presence of free electrons.
	(d) absorption of light due to the	

51.	contact. (b) pressure on the stand is increcontact. (c) pressure on the sand is decrecontact.	asily in sandy deserts because ased by increasing the area of the surface in eased by increasing the area of the surface in ased by decreasing the area of the surface in ased by decreasing the area of the surface in				
52.	The reason for a swimming pool	to appear less deep than the actual depth is				
32.	(a) refraction.	(b) light scattering.				
	(c) reflection.	(d) interference.				
	(6) 10110011011	(6) Interested				
53.	Alternating current is converted	into direct current by a				
	(a) transformer.	(b) dynamo				
	(c) oscillator.	(d) rectifier.				
54.	German silver used for making u	itensils is an alloy of				
J-1.	(a) copper, silver, nickel.	(b) copper, zine, nickel.				
	(c) copper, zinc, aluminium	(d) copper, nickel, aluminium.				
	(c) copper, zme, arammam	(d) copple, de koi, didiminidini				
55.	Which one of the following is us	sed to dissolve noble metals?				
	(a) Nitric acid	(b) Hydrochloric acid				
	(c) Sulphuric acid	(d) Aqua regia.				
56.	Gunpowder was invented by	4. C. I.				
	(a) Roger Bacon.	(b) Colt.				
	(c) C.V. Raman.	(d) Dr. Gatting.				
57.	The purity of pold is expressed i	n carats. The purest form of gold is				
٥,,	(a) 24 carats.	(b) 99.6 carats.				
	(c) 91.6 capts.	(d) 22 carats.				
58.	Petroleum consists of a mixture of					
•	(a) Carbohydrates.	(b) Carbonates.				
	c) Hydrocarbons.	(d) Carbides.				
59.	For which invention is Otto Hah	n famous?				
	(a) Atom bomb.	(b) Television				
	(c) X-rays	(d) Miner's safety lamp.				
60.	Which one of the following is <i>not</i> a plant product?					
50.	(a) Caffeine	(b) Piperine				
	(c) Nicotine	(d) Saccharin.				
	\-/ - ·	(,				

61.	(a) Percentage share of agricultur(b) Percentage share of industry(c) Percentage share of services	is higher than agriculture				
62.	World Bank for a five- year term	and the contract of the contra				
	(a) John Wolfensohn(c) Robert Zoellick	(b) Paul Wolfowiz(d) David Morgan.				
63.	Who among the following has 2005?	been awarded the Dadasaheb Phalke Award for				
	(a) Aparna Sen	(b) Govind Nihalani				
	(c) M.S. Sathyu	(d) Shyam Benegal				
64.	Permanent Revenue Settlement o	of Bengal was introduced by				
0	(a) Lord Clive	(b) Lord Hastings				
	(c) Lord Wellesley	(d) Lord Cornwalls				
65.	In which year was the Indian Spa	ace Research Organization (ISRO) founded?				
	(a) 1967	(b) 1969				
	(c) 1970	(d) 1974.				
66.	Which of the following is not o	rectly matched?				
	(a) Indonesia – Jakarta	(b) Maldives –Male				
	(c) North Korea- Seoul	(d) Zimbabwe- Harare.				
67.	Which of the following is the lars	gest parliamentary constituency in terms of area?				
	(a) Barmer (Rajasthan)	(b) Arunachal West (Arunachal Pradesh)				
		(d) Uttarakhand East (Uttarakhand)				
68.	The first Commonwealth Games	were held in the year 1930 at				
	(a) London (the UK).	(b) Sydney (Australia)				
	(c) Hamilton (Canada).	(d) Auckland (New Zealand).				
69.	The Nuclear Non- Proliferation Treaty came into force in					
	(a) 1967	(b) 1970				
	(c) 1971	(d) 1974.				
70.	Which State of India has the larg	· · ·				
	(a) Bihar	(b) Chhatrisgarh				
	(c) Orissa	(d) Jharkhand				
71.	The island of Corsica is associated	ed with				

(a) Mussolini (b) Hitler (c) Napolean Bonaparte. (d) Winston Churchill.

- 72. The headquarters of Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries is located in
 - (a) Vienna.

(b) Riyadh.

(c) Kuwait City.

(d) Abu Dhabi.

- 73. When are the 19th Commonwealth Games scheduled to be held in Delhi?
 - (a) December, 2008

(b) November, 2009

(c) October, 2010

(d) February, 2011.

- 74. Jamini Roy distinguished himself in the field of
 - (a) Badminton

(b) Painting

(c) Theatre

- (d) Sculpture.
- 75. What percentage of India population is below the official poverty
 - (a) Below 30 per cent
- (b) 30 per cent to 35
- www.inorpeseduco (c) Above 35 per cent but below 40 per cent

				ANSWI	ER KEYS				
1	(d)	1.6	(4)	21	(4)	16	(a)		(4)
1. 2.	(d) (a)	16. 17.	(d) (b)	31. 32.	(d) (a)	46. 47.	(a) (c)	61. 62.	(d) (c)
3.	(b)	18.	(c)	33.	(d)	48.	(c)	63.	(d)
4.	(a)	19.	(a)	34.	(d)	49.	(c)	64.	(d)
5.	(c)	20.	(d)	35.	(b)	50.	(c)	65.	(b)
6.	(c)	21.	(d)	36.	(d)	51.	(a)	66.	(c)
7.	(a)	22.	(a)	37.	(b)	52.	(a)	67.	
8.	(a)	23.	(d)	38.	(b)	53.	(b)	68.	(c)
9.	(b)	24.	(c)	39.	(d)	54.	(b)	69.	(b)
10.	(b)	25.	(b)	40.	(b)	55.	(d)	70.	(c)
11.	(c)	26.	(a)	41.	(a)	56.	(a)	71.	(c)
12.	(a)	27.	(c)	42.	(d)	57.	(a)	72.	(a)
13.	(b)	28.	(a)	43.	(b)	58	(c)	73.	(c)
14.	(d)	29.	(b)	44.	(b)	59.	(a)	74.	(b)
15.	(b)	30.	(c)	45.	(c)	60.	(d)	75.	(a)
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	N	4.							
	4								